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Revision

The American Indian Movement of the 1960s and 1970s

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Test your knowledge of the Native American experience since the Second World War with these multiple-choice questions. Answers on the final page.

Questions

- 1 In the period 1945–69, what was the life expectancy of Native Americans?
40 42 44 46
- 2 What level did unemployment reach for Native Americans in the period 1945–69?
15% 18% 21% 24%
- 3 What percentage of Native Americans is it estimated returned to reservations from urban settlements?
20% 30% 40% 50%
- 4 According to the 1970 census, how many Native Americans were there?
800,000 900,000 1 million 1.2 million
- 5 According to the 1990 census how many Native Americans were there?
1.7 million 1.9 million 2.1million 2.3 million
- 6 What policy did the government implement in 1953?
Reservation Termination Allotment Relocation
- 7 Which president described the Native Americans as 'The Forgotten Americans'?
Roosevelt Eisenhower Kennedy Johnson
- 8 What year was the Indian Education Act?
1968 1970 1972 1974
- 9 To which post did Nixon appoint Louis R. Bruce Jr?
Commissioner for Indian Affairs
Chairman of the Bureau of Indian Affairs
Commissioner for Education
Commissioner for Reservations

- 10 When was the Indian Self Determination Act passed?
1970 1972 1975 1978
- 11 When was the Indian Education Assistance Act passed?
1974 1975 1976 1977
- 12 What year was the Native American Religious Freedom Act passed?
1976 1977 1978 1979
- 13 What year was the Indian Child Welfare Act passed?
1976 1977 1978 1979
- 14 When was the Native American Rights fund established?
1968 1970 1972 1974
- 15 Which tribe brought a case against Oneida and Madison counties New York?
Oneida Sioux Apache Seminole
- 16 Which tribe took the government to court for the loss of their lands in the Black Hills?
Seminole Sioux Apache Mohawk
- 17 In which state are the Black Hills?
Montana Dakota Louisiana Maryland
- 18 The *Charrier v Bell* case involved burial grounds in which state?
Montana Dakota Louisiana Maryland
- 19 What was the *Seminole Tribe v Butterworth* about?
Burial grounds Fishing rights Gambling Forestry
- 20 What was established as a result of the pressure of the NCAI?
National Indian Youth Council
Indian Claims Commission
Meriam Report
Rhoads Commission
- 21 When was the National Indian Youth Council established?
1945 1957 1961 1968
- 22 What was the initial aim of the NIYC?
Protect fishing rights
Create job opportunities for young Native Americans
Protecting treaty rights
Gain voting rights

- 23 When was AIM established?
1960 1964 1968 1972
- 24 In which state was a fish-in organised?
Montana Dakota Louisiana Washington
- 25 Who wrote *Bury My Heart at Wounded Knee*?
Vine Deloria Dee Brown Joy Harjo Louise Erdrich
- 26 Who wrote *Custer Died for Your Sins*?
Vine Deloria Dee Brown Joy Harjo Louise Erdrich
- 27 What year was the siege of Alcatraz?
1967 1969 1971 1973
- 28 To which tribe had Alcatraz originally belonged?
Seminole Mohawk Ohlone Pueblo
- 29 How much did the occupiers offer the government for the return of the island?
\$24 \$50 \$75 \$86
- 30 To which tribe did Richard Oakes belong?
Seminole Mohawk Ohlone Pueblo
- 31 When did the occupation of Alcatraz end?
1970 1971 1972 1973
- 32 When did the Native Americans occupy Mt Rushmore, Black Hills?
1970 1971 1972 1973
- 33 For which tribe was Mt Rushmore a sacred burial ground?
Seminole Sioux Mohawk Apache
- 34 In what year did AIM take over the Bureau of Indian Affairs?
1970 1971 1972 1973
- 35 When were the Sioux massacred at Wounded Knee?
1862 1867 1876 1890
- 36 When did the occupation of Wounded Knee occur?
1970 1971 1972 1973
- 37 Where were two FBI agents shot dead in 1975?
Wounded Knee Pine Ridge Mount Rushmore Washington

38 What was the protest that led to the takeover of the Bureau of Indian Affairs called?

Trail of Tears

Trail of Sovereignty

Trail of Broken Treaties

Trail of Justice

39 The occupation of Alcatraz was based on the interpretation of which treaty?

Fort Wise

Medicine Lodge Treaty

Fort Laramie

Fort Arapaho

Answers

- 1 44
- 2 18%
- 3 50%
- 4 800,000
- 5 1.7 million
- 6 Termination
- 7 Johnson
- 8 1972
- 9 Commissioner for Indian Affairs
- 10 1975
- 11 1975
- 12 1978
- 13 1978
- 14 1970
- 15 Oneida
- 16 Sioux
- 17 Dakota
- 18 Louisiana
- 19 Gambling
- 20 Indian Claims Commission
- 21 1961
- 22 Protect fishing rights
- 23 1968
- 24 Washington
- 25 Dee Brown
- 26 Vine Deloria
- 27 1969
- 28 Ohlone
- 29 \$24
- 30 Mohawk
- 31 1971
- 32 1971
- 33 Sioux
- 34 1972
- 35 1890
- 36 1973
- 37 Pine Ridge
- 38 Trail of Broken Treaties
- 39 Fort Laramie

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